

Faculty SafeZone Workshop

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UT Dallas Office of Educational Enhancement

IN PARTNERSHIP WITH THE GALERSTEIN WOMEN'S CENTER & THE UTD MULTICULTURAL CENTER

Agenda

- Welcome
- LGBT Diversity
- LGBT Student
 Development
- Inclusive Classrooms
- Interrupting Bias



LGBT BASICS



CONCEPTS & LANGUAGE

COMMUNITIES

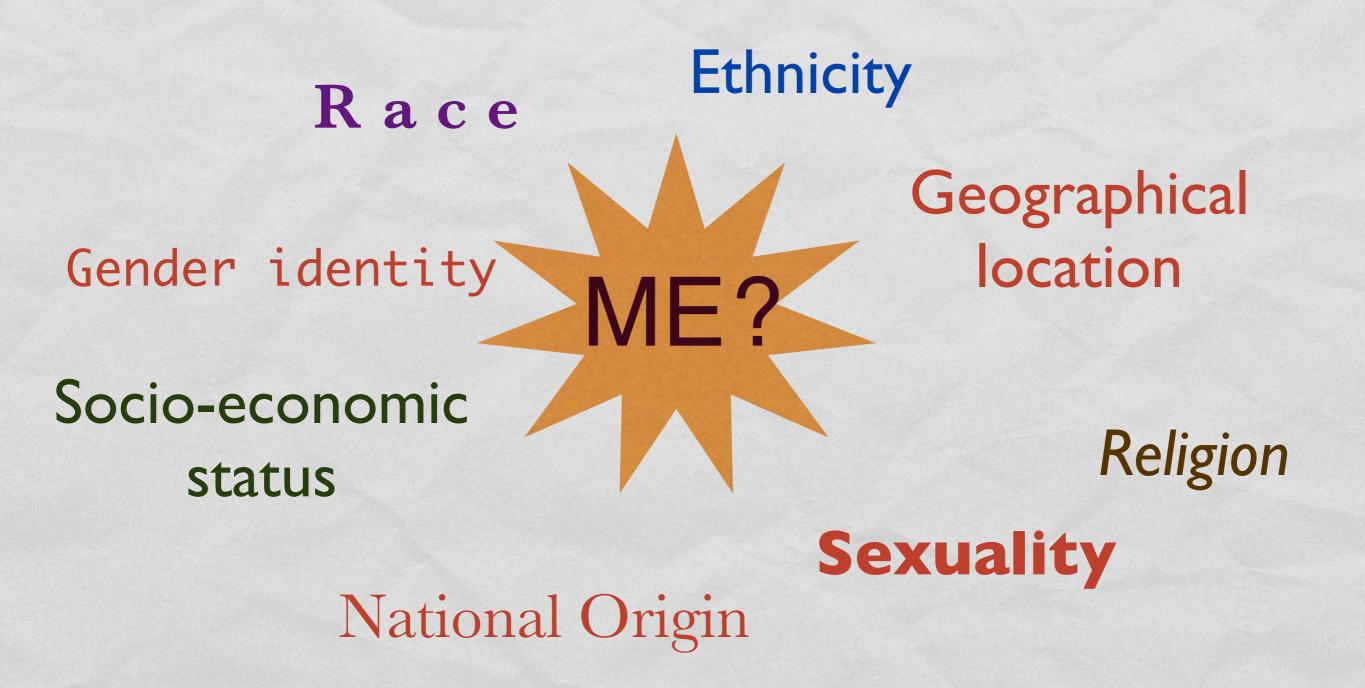
INDIVIDUALS

LABELS

LOCATIONS

SELF-IDENTITY

· Contractions and Character



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Sex

----- Gender

Biological

Socially Constructed





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Gender Identity

Male

Female

Gender Expression

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Masculine

Feminine

Constanting and Martin

Sexual Orientations

Same

Bisexual

Hetero

Other orientations include: Asexual Pansexual

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Sexual Expression





TRANSGENDER UMBRELLA



TransexualIntersexedAndrogynesCrossdressingDragGender queer

TRANS ETIQUETTE

• Use the requested pronouns zhe / she / he & zhir / her / his Do not ask about former name Do not ask about transitional status Do <u>not</u> assume sexuality

COMING OUT

LGBT IDENTITY DEVELOPMENT



Different for everyone





Avoid assumptions

Listen & Respect



COMING OUT

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Process

- Ongoing
- Not always one direction

Different emotions and issues for different people

CONFLICTS BETWEEN DIFFERENT ASPECTS OF SELF-IDENTITY



COMING OUT

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What to do if a student comes out to you?

BIAS & DISCRIMINATION

LEVELS OF ATTITUDE



Repulsion

Pity

Tolerance

Acceptance

LEVELS OF ATTITUDE

Support

Admiration

Appreciation

Nurturance



HOW BIAS AGAINST LGBT PEOPLE AFFECTS US ALL

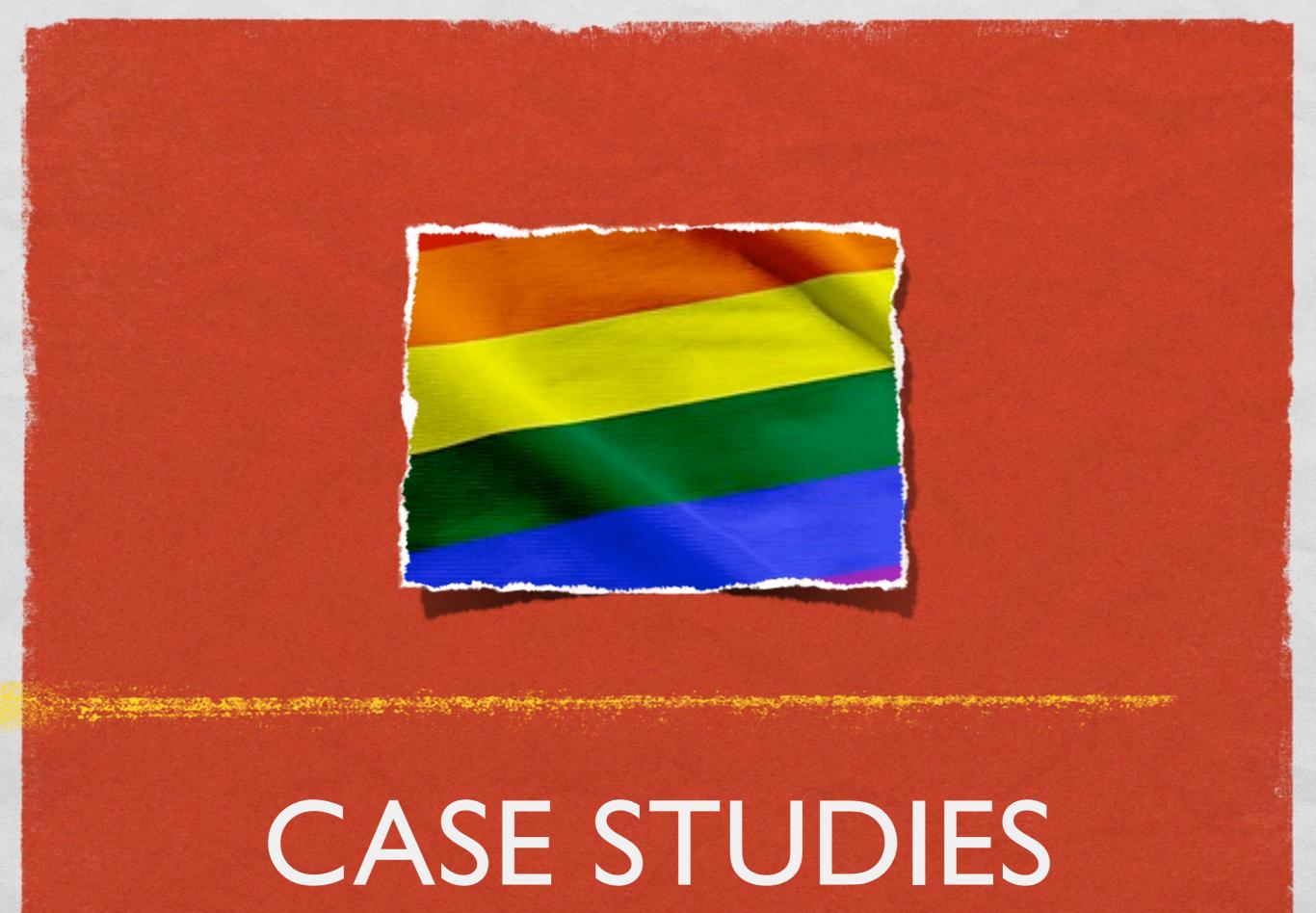
- Rigid gender-based roles.
- Limits relationships with members of one's own gender.
- Disrupts family relationships and communication.
- It inhibits some GLBT people from developing an authentic self-identity, causing undue stress.
- Pressure to be heterosexually active to prove they are 'normal'.



HOW BIAS AGAINST LGBT PEOPLE AFFECTS US ALL

- Stigmatizes and targets people who are perceived to be GLBT.
- Denies the benefits and gifts that GLBT people offer to the overall culture and society.
- It diverts energy away from more constructive endeavors.
- It encourages bias for everyone because each person has unique traits not considered mainstream or dominant.





CREATING A SAFE ENVIRONMENT

INTERUPTING STEREOTYPES & ANTI-LGBT BIAS

Much of what we do in our classrooms regarding diversity begins from before the first class.

 Think about diversity in your course planning and be explicit in your syllabus.



LANGUAGE IN / OF THE CLASSROOM

Be openly inclusive in your syllabus.

- Use gender neutral language. Use same sex examples.
- Do not presume straightness or gender identity.
- Model inclusiveness.

PEDAGOGICAL BENEFITS OF LGBT INCLUSIVENESS

- Diversity content, even in the examples we use, encourages higher levels of critical thinking. (Nelson, 1999; Chism 2002; Plank, 2007)
- Raises awareness of different perspectives within one's own education.
- Highlights positionality and self-awareness.
- An opportunity to stress professionalism.

HOW TO COMBAT BIAS

 Identify bias/homophobia, not homosexuality as the problem to be addressed.

When the second second second second

- Think about similarities between different types of bias. Reflect on what you know about racism, classism, sexism to look for ways to respond to homophobia.
- Listen to the experiences of LGBT people and assume that their experiences with bias are valid,

Out in the classroom

As an LGBT faculty

As an LGBT or straight ally



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